

(6)

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2 + \lambda} = 1 \quad ; \quad \lambda \text{ being a parameter} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

Soln. \rightarrow

Diff. above w.r.t. 'x'

$$\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{2y y'}{a^2 + \lambda} = 0 \quad \text{where } y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

i.e.

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} = - \frac{y y'}{a^2 + \lambda} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

from $\textcircled{1}$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - 1 = - \frac{y^2}{a^2 + \lambda} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - a^2}{a^2} = - \frac{y^2}{a^2 + \lambda}$$

Divide $\textcircled{2}$ & $\textcircled{3}$ we have

$$\frac{x}{x^2 - a^2} = \frac{y y'}{y^2} \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

Now $y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$ is replaced by $-\frac{dx}{dy}$

i.e.

$$\frac{x}{x^2 - a^2} = \frac{1}{y} \left(-\frac{dx}{dy} \right)$$

separate the variables

$$y dy = - \frac{(x^2 - a^2)}{x} dx$$

$$y dy = -x dx + a^2 \frac{1}{x} dx$$

Integrating above eqn

$$\int y dy = - \int x dx + a^2 \int \frac{1}{x} dx + \frac{C}{2}$$

$$\frac{y^2}{2} = -\frac{x^2}{2} + a^2 \log x + \frac{C}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + y^2 - 2a^2 \log x = C}$$

Ans

(19) Solⁿ: Let $y = cx$ is the family of straight line

Diff. above eqn we have

$$y' = c = \text{constant}$$

Elimination c by above two equation

i.e.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y = cx \\ y' = c \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{y}{x}$$

Replace y' with $(-\frac{1}{y})$ we have

$$-\frac{1}{y} = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$y' = -\frac{x}{y}$$

We know that $y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

$$y dy = -x dx$$

Integrating above eqn

$$\int y dy = -\int x dx$$

$$\frac{y^2}{2} = -\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{a^2}{2}$$

{ $\because \frac{a^2}{2} = \text{constant}$
of integration }

$$\boxed{y^2 + x^2 = a^2} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}}$$